

DESERET EVENING NEWS

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
Corner of South Temple and East Temple Streets
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Charles W. Peterson, Editor
Bernice G. Whitney, Business Manager

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.
In Advance: \$2.00
On Year: \$20.00
On Three Months: \$6.00
On One Month: \$2.00
Single Copies: 5 Cts.
Foreign Postage, per year, \$2.00
Home Delivery, \$2.00

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

SALE OFFICE.
104-105 Times Building, New York City.
In Charge of R. H. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Utah Office.

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Address all business communications to the Business Manager.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

indignation very naturally, and explosive persons were heard to say the wretch ought to be lynched, and that if he was in some place a mob would soon settle his fate at the end of a rope. This casual talk had been magnified by a morning paper into a lurid story about a mob organized to attack the jail and hang the prisoner. It is stated that this was "heard in every quarter" and that the threats were so general that the jailer called his keys, and had guns prepared for action, with police rifles ready for reinforcement. All this is the yellowest kind of safe-fronted exaggeration. In "every quarter" where inquiries have been made nobody appears to have heard even a whisper of such an "organized" attempt to break the law. It is possible that in some saloon or saloons such inflammatory language was heard, and that the rumor reached the jail and the police. But that is all. Lynching is not countenanced in Salt Lake. The law is respected here. The culprit will be fairly tried and punished on conviction. No mob has been or will be organized to interfere with the law's progress or authority. Such misleading and defamatory tales ought not to be permitted to appear in print. Entertaining reporters are anxious to make up a good story, but they should not be encouraged in manufacturing "rot." We make this protest on behalf of the law-abiding citizens, who know that the yarn fabricated on this occasion is false in material and "yellow" in coloring. It renders the paper that indulges in or permits it unreliable, and is of no earthly benefit to anybody. Let us have facts; presented if need be in attractive or even ornamental style, but down with glaring yellow journalism!

ASIATICS IN THE UNITED STATES.
A special bulletin prepared under the direction of Mr. William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population, gives figures showing the total number and distribution of Chinese and Japanese residents in the United States. The figures are of interest at the present time, when there is a strong agitation in favor of the continuation of the provisions of the Chinese exclusion act. They show that the largest number by far is found in the western states and territories, and that, consequently, the West is most directly interested in the matter. According to the Twelfth census, there were 119,950 Chinese in the country. Of these 25,767 were in Hawaii, 2,114 in Alaska, 304 at military and naval stations abroad, and 89,863 in the United States proper. Of this number 67,723 were enumerated in the West, distributed as follows: Arizona, 1,435; California, 45,753; Colorado, 599; Idaho, 1,467; Montana, 1,793; Nevada, 1,352; New Mexico, 341; Oregon, 10,397; Utah, 572; Washington, 2,629; and Wyoming, 461. The Japanese are not quite as numerous as the Chinese. The Twelfth census returned 85,600, and of these 61,111 were in Hawaii, 279 in Alaska, 284 at military and naval stations abroad, and 24,338 in the United States proper. Of this number 23,376 were found in the West, distributed as follows: Arizona, 281; California, 19,151; Colorado, 48; Idaho, 1,201; Montana, 2,441; Nevada, 223; New Mexico, 8; Oregon, 2,501; Utah, 417; Washington, 5,617; and Wyoming, 333. California and the Hawaiian Islands have the greatest number of these Asiatic residents, and it is but natural that the agitation for the exclusion of new arrivals of that class, should be strongest there. Public sentiment in California has been strongly expressed against lifting the bars, to permit Chinese immigration. And now the Hawaiian delegate to Congress, Mr. Robert Wilcox, comes instructed to present resolutions favoring the prevention of further immigration of Asiatics to the Islands. The resolutions by the "Home Rule" party declare that while 90 per cent of the Asiatics that are in the country came from the Orient to be plantation laborers, less than 35 per cent of them are such now, the rest being engaged in competing with the whites and Hawaiians as mechanics and merchants. That is the root of the trouble everywhere. The Asiatics are supposed to be industrial rivals, with whom white laborers cannot compete. This, is of course, not apparent in the East, where the intruders are so few, but as the matter appears to be chiefly a Western question, the experience of a Westerner, the experience of the West is entitled to the chief consideration.

PUNGENT COMMENTS.
The anti-"Mormon" outburst in Denver on Sunday, November 17, has occasioned considerable comment in the press and we are pleased to note, not a little dissent to the expressions used by the sectarian preachers who rushed into print in concert. We clip the annexed paragraphs from an editorial in the Ogden Standard, which is a non-"Mormon" evening newspaper: "There is an old saying that you must go away from home to get the news, and certain it is that much of what the Denver ministers have to say against the people of Utah is strange, new, and one of the preachers asserts that the 'Mormons' are a shiftless, lazy lot, yet every body who has visited this portion of the Intermountain country has been carried away with the conquest of the desert, accomplished by the people so severely condemned and misrepresented by expounders of the gospel who will not take the time to investigate for themselves, but are ready to accept all the sensational stories related about Utah and her inhabitants. "There is shown to be too much of a disposition to attack 'Mormonism' because it is an advancing, spreading creed, rather than oppose it for what errors in morals are disclosed in its teachings. With the wiping out of 'polygamy' 'Mormonism' cannot afford the most sensitive Gentile except in so much as he may object to the method proposed for following the pathway that leads to eternal life. "The following sarcastic paragraph concerning a faded star that once twinkled with a two-faced glimmer in Utah, is from the Inter-Mountain Catholic of November 22. We were not aware that he was shedding his false light in Denver, indeed his presence anywhere seems to be shrouded in fog. "Among the Denver ministers who trade 'Mormonism' for the sake of a few dollars' sermon, we failed to find the name of the erstwhile 'Henry Ward Beecher of Utah,' that Methodist political scamp who played the 'Mormon'

THE COUNTRY'S WOOL.
The National Association of Wool Manufacturers has issued a review of the wool industry of the country, covering the last fiscal year. The following extract from the statement appears in a New York exchange, and may be of general interest: "We learn from the 'review' just issued that there are about 42,000,000 sheep in the United States and that the fleeces clipped from them during the year weighed 285,325,000 pounds. Besides which there was 37,000,000 pounds of pulled wool, chiefly taken from the skins of those led to slaughter. It is interesting to note that the largest producer of fleece wool, 31,525,000 pounds, was in Montana; the next largest, 26,856,420, in Wyoming; and the third, 20,338,350, in Idaho. Considerably more than one-third of the total supply was raised in these three Rocky Mountain States. Next came Utah, with 16,323,034; Oregon, 16,159,240; New Mexico, 15,725,009; Texas, 15,064,824; California, 13,318,850—more than another third of the whole output. This is distinctly a Western product, though Ohio and Michigan come next in the list, the former, indeed, just above California. "The shifting course of the product in ten years is worth noting, for it is not a large new one as it appears in the 'review.' In 1891-2 the total was 307,000,000 and more, and two years later it was over 345,000,000. Then it began to decline under the wool tariff and got down to 259,000,000 pounds in 1897-8. Since then it has been climbing up, and passed 302,000,000 pounds this year. But we likewise import wool. The amount brought in from abroad was 670,682 pounds in 1891-2, and it declined until 1894-5, when it suddenly rose to 206,000,000, and advanced to 350,800,000 in 1897-8. After that it fell off, and was 102,538,505 in 1900-1. "Some have also exported every year, but the amount retained for consumption of both domestic and foreign increased from 425,500,000 pounds in 1891-2 to 614,600,000 in 1897-8, then it dropped below 350,000,000, and has slowly recovered to a little more than 400,000,000. "This is the day when all cry 'turkey' and none say 'buzzard.' "The way Prince Henry treats Queen Wilhelmina beats the Dutch. "If the price of wheat continues to go up, the millers will surely 'bolt' their flour. "Turkey in Europe and Turkey in Asia are of less importance today than Turkey in America. "Joseph Chamberlain is said to be in poor health. He is in poor business to judge by the way in which he has stirred up anti-English feeling in Germany. "Ex-Senator W. V. Allen of Nebraska says that fusion is dead. Few can regret it, for fusion is the mule of politics—without pride of ancestry or hope of posterity. "A scheme is on foot to connect the two Americas by a railroad, and another scheme is on foot to disconnect them by cutting a canal through the isthmus. Things go by contraries in this world. "Secretary Hay has received a cablegram that Miss Ellen M. Stone has died of a broken heart. If she is dead, the rumor lacks confirmation. It is very certain that she did not die of a broken heart, but was killed by the brigands who would naturally give out

a false report as to the cause of death. The really remarkable thing about the case is that the brigands have permitted their captives to live so long as they have. "The head of one of the city departments threatens to resign because his salary is so low. This is one of the most remarkable threats ever made. Those versed in the history of politics do not believe it will be put into execution. "Misread the orders" is the explanation of the terrible railroad accident at Detroit, Mich. And that misreading of orders has cost near a hundred precious lives. It makes the accident more terrible that it should have occurred on the eve of Thanksgiving. "Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, called on the President yesterday and said to him that all the Chinese were in justice and fairness. It certainly is not an unfair demand. By the way, that is all the foreigners in China have asked, but up to the hour of going to press they had not succeeded in securing either. "The greatest Thanksgiving offering of the year in Utah is Mrs. Mary Judge's authorizing Bishop Scanlan to establish a home for aged and infirm miners, and a hospital where the unfortunate may receive proper medical and surgical treatment, to be conducted under the management of Bishop Scanlan, who will draw on her for all expenditures in connection therewith, to be done in memory of the excellent lady's dead husband. It is a great and humane charity and will place Mrs. Judge's name among those of the benefactors of mankind. "The chief cause of the breaking up of the Nation home was Mrs. Carrie Nation's determination to right the wrongs of the world and put all things to rights. The consequence was that her own home was neglected and finally her own home broken up. She is an extreme example of a class of women who neglect their own homes that they may look after the world. It is a very poor business to be engaged in. If these good but misguided women would but be careful to look after the minutes they would find that the hours would take care of themselves. "SPEAKING OF RECIPROCITY. Los Angeles Express. Among the recent contributors to the talk on reciprocity are Congressmen Dail and Pennington and Robert of Massachusetts, both representatives of leading industrial states of the country. Says the former: "The only reciprocity I favor is on the basis of non-competing articles. The 20 per cent cut on textile fabrics in the French treaty would destroy the textile industry of Pennsylvania." Says the Massachusetts representative: "We do not want the reciprocity that will open our markets to foreign competition and give us nothing in return." This is a forcible statement of the argument which is advanced by the Pacific coast, and with due emphasis upon the word, "us." Southern California will applaud the remarks. "Chicago Record-Herald. Reciprocity is, to begin with, a confession that there is over production on certain things which can be utilized in a dicker with foreign governments. It implies concessions in such a dicker as a matter of course, concessions which will admit the foreign competitor to our market at the same time that our competition is admitted into the foreign market. As the chairman indicated, tangible advantages must come to the contract, and it is absurd to speak of tariff concessions on things which do not produce at all. For in the first place, we would not need protection against such importations, and, in the second place, the great commercial nations with whom we are negotiating treaties do not produce those things. All the chief industrial powers produce the same things in varying quantities and with varying degrees of skill. "Chicago News. That there is a large and steadily increasing element of American production and traders who do take a narrow view of the situation and who see that reciprocity is a logical and proper consequence of the nation's recent advance is not to be doubted, however, and to this element the public must look for aid in overcoming selfish obstruction. As President McKinley declared in his Buffalo speech, there can be no commerce which does not comprehend the idea of exchange; there can be no receiving of trade favors which does not involve the giving of favors. Today every commercial power of Europe whose business is worth talking about is more or less inclined to American industrial advances because of the inability to secure anything like a fair basis of exchange. If this policy be maintained indefinitely it cannot be long before the nation will find itself facing such antagonism as will materially check further advance. "St. Paul Globe. That reciprocity convention in session at Washington may be destined to become memorable; but it hasn't shaped itself thus far that way. It made a fatal error in refusing a seat to that notable protectionist-reciprocity advocate, Capt. Carter, of St. Paul. "San Francisco Call. It is by no means certain, however, that it is worth while to undertake any extensive reciprocity system. The more carefully the proposals for such a system are considered the more complex and the more repulsive do the difficulties attending it appear. Moreover, there remains always the objection raised by Senator Hoar that such treaties would have the effect of taking our tariff regulations out of our own hands and subjecting them to the influences of foreign nations. The country at present is prosperous, and it will be at this time wisdom on the part of Congress to let well enough alone. There is no use in disturbing a condition which is satisfactory alike to industry and to trade. "Kansas City Star. The reciprocity treaty most needed by the people of the United States is a treaty with the consumers of this country. At present Americans are paying more for a good many kinds of American made goods than the consumers in other countries are giving for the same manufactures. The people of the United States have been very submissive to the abuses of an obsolete and oppressive application of the high tax theory. That is the reason that the protective tariff has brought forth that onerous and arbitrary brood, the trusts, to take Mr. Havemeyer's family tree as authority. "There is probably no disease more distressing and annoying than piles. PILES, HICKS' PILES OINTMENT is daily curing cases of years' standing of itching and bleeding piles. The cure begins on the first application, a little perseverance makes the cure complete. Price, 25 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

MORE LOCKAW VICTIMS.
The papers are commenting on the recent cases of tetanus reported to have occurred in Camden, N. J., as a result of vaccination, and very generally the statement is accepted that the deplorable consequences were due not to the surgical operation itself, but to the carelessness of the victims in attending to the wounds. The Boston Herald adds: "The practical lesson taught by these unfortunate cases is that vaccination, although harmless in itself, should not be regarded as a trivial matter, but should be kept scrupulously clean, protected from contact with the clothing, and the vaccinated patient should prevent himself from time to time to the physician so that his vaccination may receive proper care. It is dangerous for patients to attend to vaccinations themselves."

Since those remarks were printed, some other fatal cases of tetanus following vaccination have occurred. These are only samples of a large number reported in anti-vaccination papers and magazines, English and American. We think they are sufficiently numerous and authenticated, to justify close and impartial inquiry on the part of pro-vaccination as to the real cause of these terrible and fatal effects.

MRS. NATION.
The proper thing now for the newspapers all over the country, is to ignore Mrs. Carrie Nation and her eccentricities. She has had notoriety enough, and she is not an individual the advertisement of which reflects any honor upon the state from which she comes, or the sex to which she belongs. She is not a typical American woman, and her proper place is in an obscure corner, where she can attract no attention. But as long as newspapers busy themselves with her, she will be before the public—a public disgrace. "The Topeka Daily Herald has the following editorial paragraphs on this subject, which will commend themselves to the general public: "Most people believe she is insane, but nobody seems to care to assume the responsibility of having her locked up. It is evident that she will remain at large. She feeds on notoriety, and without it she would drop out of sight. Had it not been for the newspaper boom she received, she would have succumbed long ago. There is nothing to Mrs. Nation but her hatchet, and her work with that instrument resulted only in the improvement of the business of the joints she attacked. "Mrs. Nation's movements are not important. She is doing no good, she never said an original sentence in her life that was worth reporting. Her lectures are not worth reporting. Her managers are not worth reporting. They make out of her, and according to her own statements they get the most of the proceeds. She is poorer now than when she left Medicine Lodge. She had some money then, and a husband. Now she has neither."

THE COUNTRY'S WOOL.
The National Association of Wool Manufacturers has issued a review of the wool industry of the country, covering the last fiscal year. The following extract from the statement appears in a New York exchange, and may be of general interest: "We learn from the 'review' just issued that there are about 42,000,000 sheep in the United States and that the fleeces clipped from them during the year weighed 285,325,000 pounds. Besides which there was 37,000,000 pounds of pulled wool, chiefly taken from the skins of those led to slaughter. It is interesting to note that the largest producer of fleece wool, 31,525,000 pounds, was in Montana; the next largest, 26,856,420, in Wyoming; and the third, 20,338,350, in Idaho. Considerably more than one-third of the total supply was raised in these three Rocky Mountain States. Next came Utah, with 16,323,034; Oregon, 16,159,240; New Mexico, 15,725,009; Texas, 15,064,824; California, 13,318,850—more than another third of the whole output. This is distinctly a Western product, though Ohio and Michigan come next in the list, the former, indeed, just above California. "The shifting course of the product in ten years is worth noting, for it is not a large new one as it appears in the 'review.' In 1891-2 the total was 307,000,000 and more, and two years later it was over 345,000,000. Then it began to decline under the wool tariff and got down to 259,000,000 pounds in 1897-8. Since then it has been climbing up, and passed 302,000,000 pounds this year. But we likewise import wool. The amount brought in from abroad was 670,682 pounds in 1891-2, and it declined until 1894-5, when it suddenly rose to 206,000,000, and advanced to 350,800,000 in 1897-8. After that it fell off, and was 102,538,505 in 1900-1. "Some have also exported every year, but the amount retained for consumption of both domestic and foreign increased from 425,500,000 pounds in 1891-2 to 614,600,000 in 1897-8, then it dropped below 350,000,000, and has slowly recovered to a little more than 400,000,000. "This is the day when all cry 'turkey' and none say 'buzzard.' "The way Prince Henry treats Queen Wilhelmina beats the Dutch. "If the price of wheat continues to go up, the millers will surely 'bolt' their flour. "Turkey in Europe and Turkey in Asia are of less importance today than Turkey in America. "Joseph Chamberlain is said to be in poor health. He is in poor business to judge by the way in which he has stirred up anti-English feeling in Germany. "Ex-Senator W. V. Allen of Nebraska says that fusion is dead. Few can regret it, for fusion is the mule of politics—without pride of ancestry or hope of posterity. "A scheme is on foot to connect the two Americas by a railroad, and another scheme is on foot to disconnect them by cutting a canal through the isthmus. Things go by contraries in this world. "Secretary Hay has received a cablegram that Miss Ellen M. Stone has died of a broken heart. If she is dead, the rumor lacks confirmation. It is very certain that she did not die of a broken heart, but was killed by the brigands who would naturally give out

a false report as to the cause of death. The really remarkable thing about the case is that the brigands have permitted their captives to live so long as they have. "The head of one of the city departments threatens to resign because his salary is so low. This is one of the most remarkable threats ever made. Those versed in the history of politics do not believe it will be put into execution. "Misread the orders" is the explanation of the terrible railroad accident at Detroit, Mich. And that misreading of orders has cost near a hundred precious lives. It makes the accident more terrible that it should have occurred on the eve of Thanksgiving. "Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, called on the President yesterday and said to him that all the Chinese were in justice and fairness. It certainly is not an unfair demand. By the way, that is all the foreigners in China have asked, but up to the hour of going to press they had not succeeded in securing either. "The greatest Thanksgiving offering of the year in Utah is Mrs. Mary Judge's authorizing Bishop Scanlan to establish a home for aged and infirm miners, and a hospital where the unfortunate may receive proper medical and surgical treatment, to be conducted under the management of Bishop Scanlan, who will draw on her for all expenditures in connection therewith, to be done in memory of the excellent lady's dead husband. It is a great and humane charity and will place Mrs. Judge's name among those of the benefactors of mankind. "The chief cause of the breaking up of the Nation home was Mrs. Carrie Nation's determination to right the wrongs of the world and put all things to rights. The consequence was that her own home was neglected and finally her own home broken up. She is an extreme example of a class of women who neglect their own homes that they may look after the world. It is a very poor business to be engaged in. If these good but misguided women would but be careful to look after the minutes they would find that the hours would take care of themselves. "SPEAKING OF RECIPROCITY. Los Angeles Express. Among the recent contributors to the talk on reciprocity are Congressmen Dail and Pennington and Robert of Massachusetts, both representatives of leading industrial states of the country. Says the former: "The only reciprocity I favor is on the basis of non-competing articles. The 20 per cent cut on textile fabrics in the French treaty would destroy the textile industry of Pennsylvania." Says the Massachusetts representative: "We do not want the reciprocity that will open our markets to foreign competition and give us nothing in return." This is a forcible statement of the argument which is advanced by the Pacific coast, and with due emphasis upon